

Resolution 201

Environmental Protection, Restoration, and Sustainability

Security Council

Submitted by: Sweden



The Security Council,

1. *Recognizing* the model adopted by Scandinavian countries as an example for other nations, with its focuses on nuclear and hydroelectric power,
 2. *Emphasizing* the importance for sustainability, especially in developed urban areas, where high population density and commercial manufacturing can have concentrated negative impacts on the environment,
 3. *Recognizing the need* to seek out unique solutions to individual cities environmental issues and *noting* that geographic and cultural differences between nations mean diverse strategies must be adopted to combat Environmental issues globally,
 4. *Welcomes* the efforts of all members of the International Community to address environmental issues and *underlines* that environmental issues affect all members of the global community,
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1. *Encourages* the global community to seek alternative energy options including:
 - a. Hydroelectric, Geothermal, Solar, Wind and Nuclear Power
 - b. Phasing out fossil fuel use in heating, transportation and manufacturing
 - c. Encouraging companies in high energy consuming industries to form energy plans to reduce consumption and source renewable energy;
 2. *Calls upon* government incentivization and involvement in the transition to sustainable energy by:
 - a. Deregulation of renewable energy markets to encourage consumer choice and the growth of sustainable infrastructure and innovation
 - b. Implementing a national energy infrastructure plan in individual nations focusing on sustainability and renewability
 - c. Reducing the extraction and use of fossil fuels
 - d. Providing financial subsidies to encourage the transition and innovation of sustainable sources of energy
 - e. Granting tax-based incentives to individuals and corporations who take strides to reduce their energy footprint;
 3. *Calls for* other more developed countries to create sustainability plans, especially in urban areas by:
 - a. Reevaluating energy consumption in industrial, governmental and residential buildings
 - b. Encouraging community based urban farming
 - c. Developing sustainable measures to protect cities against natural disasters (such as the UN World Habitat prize winning Swedish green roofs designed to prevent flooding by absorbing rainwater).

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Submitted by: India



The Security Council,

1. *Noting with deep concern* the issue of air pollution present in industrial manufacturing nations in the Global South,
2. *Recognizing* that deforestation, soil erosion, desertification, and water pollution are issues present in states across the globe and not localized in less developed countries and how overpopulation and poverty can contribute to these issues,
3. *Reminding* the council of the struggles less developed countries face while attempting environmental restoration and sustainability due to the high levels of poverty within these countries,
 1. *Endorses* the development, implementation and use of sustainable energy in order to prevent air pollution and climate change;
 2. *Supports* education and programs to improve production standards, living conditions, air and water quality, and to inform the global public of the impact that poverty and overpopulation can have on species diversity and ecosystems,
 - a. Suggests that other states recognize these issues and take steps to inform their populations
 - b. Recommends that states work with the private sector to develop better production standards
 - c. Encourages states to examine the living conditions of their people, especially in overpopulated areas, as pollution in bad living conditions affects the environment as well as the people;
 3. *Asks* for the creation of UN environmental restoration and sustainability funds to assist states that may have financial difficulties preventing them from pursuing more ambitious environmental goals
 - a. Additionally encourages more developed countries with available resources to help less developed countries with their development goals;
4. *Calls Upon* member states to work with the poorest members of the population when developing environmental action plans so that:
 - a. Pollution will be reduced by providing sustainable solutions to population groups that live off the grid and rely on fossil fuel generators for power
 - b. Economic inequality will not be exasperated by environmental initiatives
 - c. Opportunities and networks will be available to the poorest members of society in order to provide pathways out of poverty.